IR2021-new009 . Health Requirements for Import of Untreated Wool into Iran (Last Update 11/09/2021)

1. Important Information

- A health certificate has to be issued by a veterinarian authorized by the Veterinary Authority of the exporting country, which certify the following health attestations:
- Importers should note that the information given relates only to animal health and public health conditions of import. It does not give guidance on other conditions that may need to be met.
- This IHR only covers untreated wool as defined below. If you wish to import treated wool importer have to do accordance with IR2009-6/03 Health Requirements for Import Wool into Iran (Last Update 01/09/2009).

2. Scope

Import conditions for untreated wool from other Countries.

- 'Wool' means the natural fibre grown by sheep or lambs.

Untreated wool is defined in Regulation (EU) No 142/2011 as wool, OTHER than wool which has:

- (a) undergone factory washing;
- (b) been obtained from tanning;
- (c) been treated by another method that ensures that no unacceptable risks remain;
- (d) been produced from animals other than those of the porcine species, and has undergone factory-washing which consisting of the immersion of the wool in series of baths of water, soap and sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide; or
- (e) been produced from animals other than those of the porcine species, is intended for being dispatched directly to a plant producing derived products from wool for the textile industry and has undergone at least one of the following treatments:
- (i) chemical depilation by means of slaked lime or sodium sulphide;
- (ii) fumigation in formaldehyde in a hermetically sealed chamber for at least 24 hours;
- (iii) industrial scouring which consists of the immersion of wool in a water-soluble detergent held at 60–70 °C;
- (iv) storage, which may include the journey time, at 37 °C for eight days, 18 °C for 28 days or 4 °C for 120 days.

3. Production standards

The consignment of wool intend for export into I.R.Iran:

1-Originate from animals which:

The consignment was produced at least 21 days before the date of entry into the Union kept in a third country or region thereof which is:

- -free of foot-and-mouth disease, and, in the case of wool from sheep and goats, of sheep pox and goat pox in accordance with the basic general criteria listed in Annex II to Directive 2004/68/EC;
- Have shown no sign of anthrax during ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections;
- Come from establishments which are not placed under quarantine on account of anthrax control.
- -has been clipped from healthy and live sheep.

4. Veterinary checks

Consignments may only be imported through an approved Border Control Post (BCP). The person responsible for the consignment must give notice of the proposed entry of the consignment at least one working day before arrival (with a derogation to 4 hours before arrival if there are logistical constraints). The notification shall be made to the inspection

staff staff at the BCP using the E.IVO.IR software Further information regarding importing can be found on site.

If the consignment does not meet the import health requirements (IHR), the consignment may be rejected and either or destroyed.

5. Movement to premises of destination

Once released at the BCP the untreated wool must be sent directly to following place which has been approved Iran veterinary organization (IVO):

a)Be securely enclosed in packaging and dry and must be sent directly to a wool washing factory for uses outside the feed chain or a plant carrying out intermediate operations under conditions which prevent the spreading of pathogenic agents.

OR

b) Be wool that is dry and securely enclosed in packaging, produced from animals other than those of the porcine species, which is intended for dispatch to a plant producing derived products from wool for the textile industry and meets all of the following requirements: